



Corporate Presentation - December 2025

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Cautionary Note to United States Investors Regarding the Presentation of Mineral Resource Estimates.

As a British Columbia corporation and a "reporting issuer" under Canadian securities laws, we are required to provide disclosure regarding our mineral properties in accordance with Canadian National Instrument 43-101 —Standards of Disclosure for Mineral Projects ("NI 43-101"). NI 43-101 is a rule developed by the Canadian Securities Administrators that establishes standards for all public disclosure a reporting issuer makes of scientific and technical information concerning mineral resources as they are defined in accordance with the 2014 CIM Definition Standards for Mineral Resources & Mineral Reso

United States investors are also cautioned that while the SEC will now recognize "measured mineral resources", "indicated mineral resources", investors should not assume that any part or all of the mineral resources" and "inferred mineral resources", investors should not assume that any part or all of the mineral resources or into mineral resources. Mineralization described using these terms has a greater amount of uncertainty as to their existence and feasibility than mineral resources. Accordingly, investors are cautioned not to assume that any "measured mineral resources", "indicated mineral resources", or "inferred mineral resources" that we report are or will be economically or legally mineral resources and as to whether they can be mined legally or economically. Therefore, United States investors are also cautioned not to assume that all or any part of the inferred resources exist. In accordance with Canadian rules, estimates of "inferred mineral resources" cannot form the basis of feasibility or other economic studies, except in limited circumstances where permitted under NI 43-101.

Cautionary Note Regarding Forward Looking Information

This presentation contains certain forward-looking statements within the meaning of Canadian securities legislation (the "Forward-looking Statements"), including with respect to the Company's Queensway Project in Newfoundland (the "Queensway Project"); relating to completion of the Company's Queensway Project in Newfoundland (the "Queensway Project"); relating to completion of the Company's Queensway Project in Newfoundland (the "Queensway Project"); relating to completion of the Company's Queensway Project in Newfoundland (the "Queensway Project"); relating to completion of the Company and Maritime Resources Corp. (the "Transaction") by way of plan of arrangement (the "Arrangement") and the anticipated premium and benefits for Maritime Resources Corp. ("Maritime") shareholders; assessments of and expectations for Hammerdown; assessments of and expectations regarding the existing infrastructure of Maritime; expectations regarding the significant re-evaluation potential; results of the feasibility study for Hammerdown and the interpretation of such results; future plans for Hammerdown and Pine Cove and the timing thereof; results of the Queensway; expectations regarding the existing infrastructure of Maritime; expectations regarding the existing infrastructur

Factors that could cause future results to differ materially from those anticipated in these Forward-looking Statements include risks associated with the failure of the companies; the effect of the announcement of the Transaction on each of the companies' strategic relationships, operating results and business generally; significant transaction costs or unknown liabilities; the risk of litigation that could prevent or hinder the completion of the Transaction; other customary risks associated with mineral exploration operations; the risk that the Company will encounter unanticipated geological factors; risks related to the interpretation of assay results and the results of the drilling and exploration programs; the possibility that the Company may not be able to secure permitting and other governmental clearances necessary to carry out the Company's exploration and other plans; the risk that the Company will not be able to raise sufficient funds to carry out its plans; and the risk of political uncertainties and regulatory or legal changes that might interfer with the Company's business and prospects. The reader is urged to refer to the Company's Annual Information Form and Management's Discussion and Analysis and Relations and Handing Statement's Discussion of such risk factors and their potential effects. Except to the extent to whold changes the roughless of the TSX Venture Exchange, the Company undertakes no obligation to update these Forward-looking Statements if management's beliefs, estimates or opinions, or other factors, should change. New factors emerge from time to time, and it is not possible for the Company statement. Any Forward-looking Statements contained in this presentation are expressly qualified in their entirety by this cautionary statement.

Compliance with NI 43-101

Unless otherwise indicated, New Found Gold has prepared the scientific and technical information ("Technical Information this presentation ("Technical Information") based on information contained in the news releases and Technical Information ("Technical Information") as defined in Ni 43-101. Readers are encouraged to review the full text of the Disclosure Documents which qualifies the Technical Information. Readers are advised that mineral resources that are not mineral reserves do not have demonstrated economic viability. The Disclosure Documents are each intended to be read as a whole, and sections should not be read or relied upon out of context. The Technical Information is subject to the assumptions and qualifications contained in the Disclosure Documents.

Disclosure Documents include the news release titled "NI 43-101 Technical Report for the Queensway Gold Project, Newfoundland and Labrador, Canada", dated Sept. 2, 2025; the news release titled "New Found Reports Positive Phase 1 Metallurgical Test Results Demonstrating 90% to 96% Gold Extraction at Queensway", dated April 3, 2024; the news release entitled "New Found Reports Positive Phase II Metallurgical Test Results Demonstrating 97% Gold Extraction at Iceberg and Iceberg East", dated November 1, 2024; and the technical report titled "43-101 Technical Report for the Queensway Gold Project, Newfoundland and Labrador, Canada", dated April 15, 2025, as amended and restated on May 20, 2025, with an effective date of March 18, 2025, prepared by Pierre Landry, P.Geo., Lance Engelbrecht, P.Eng., and David M. Robson, P.Eng., of SLR Consulting (Canada) Ltd., in conjunction with Sheldon H. Smith, P.Geo. of Stantec Consulting, each independent qualified persons under NI 43-101 (the "Technical Report").

Melissa Render, P.Geo., President of New Found Gold, and a Qualified Person pursuant to NI 43-101, has reviewed and approved the scientific and technical information contained in this presentation relating to the Queensway Gold Project. Ms. Render has verified the data disclosed herein, including sampling, analytical and test data underlying the technical information contained herein.

Keith Boyle, P.Eng., CEO of New Found Gold, and a Qualified Person pursuant to NI 43-101, has reviewed and approved the scientific and technical information contained in this presentation relating to the Maritime Division. Mr. Boyle has verified the data disclosed herein, including sampling, analytical and test data underlying the technical information contained herein.

The disclosure regarding the Hammerdown Proven and Probable mineral reserves contained in this presentation is supported by Maritime's technical Report titled "Feasibility Study Technical Report titled "Feasibility Study Technical Report").

THE NEW FOUND GOLD ADVANTAGE





TOP 10 JURISDICTION1:

NEWFOUNDLAND CANADA

Infrastructure | skilled workforce | mining positive government



WELL FUNDED AND EXPERIENCED LEADERSHIP

~\$87M treasury² | new team of mine developers and operators



QUEENSWAY GOLD PROJECT:

ROBUST PEA¹

At surface, high-grade core | Phased Approach | Low initial CapEx | Rapid Payback | Exploration Upside



PATH TO PRODUCTION: STRATEGIC

ACQUISITION

Completed acquisition of Maritime Resources Corp.³ | First Hammerdown gold poured November 2025



¹ Source: Fraser Institute 2025 Annual Survey of Mining Companies; ² see the New Found Gold news release dated July 21, 2025; ³ Pro-forma New Found Gold and Maritime Resources as at Sept, 30, 2025; ⁴ see the New Found Gold news release dated Nov. 13, 2025

TOP 10 JURISDICTION



NEWFOUNDLAND & LABRADOR CONSISTENTLY RANKED A TOP 10 JURISDICTION¹



GOVERNMENT

Mining-supportive | Provincial government goal to build 5 new mines by 2030



PERMITTING

Clear, timely provincial permitting process | Positive recent precedents



WORKFORCE

Skilled workforce | Miningpositive business-friendly jurisdiction



INFRASTRUCTURE

Trans-Canada highway | Renewable power | Gander International Airport | Deep shipping ports



¹ Source: Fraser Institute 2025 Annual Survey of Mining Companies

DIRECTORS & SENIOR LEADERSHIP



New Found Gold has a new board and management team with a solid track record of successful mine development and operation





BOARD OF DIRECTORS*

Paul Andre Huet Chair

Keith Boyle

Chad Williams¹

William Hayden^{1,2}

Tamara Brown¹

Dr. Andrew Furey¹

Allen Palmiere¹



MANAGEMENT

Keith Boyle CEO

Melissa Render

President

CFO

Robert Assabgui

COO

Dr. Fiona Childe

VP Communications & Corporate Development Jelena Novikov Fried

General Counsel & Corporate Secretary Dr. Jared Saunders

Hashim Ahmed

VP Sustainability



Since day one, the objective of the new management team at New Found Gold has been to advance Queensway to cash flow.

KEITH BOYLE, CEO

CAPITAL STRUCTURE



CAPITALIZATION¹

Shares - Basic	337.4M
Options	10.1M
RSUs	2.4M
Warrants	15.5M

Shares – F.D.

Share Price (as at Nov 27/25)

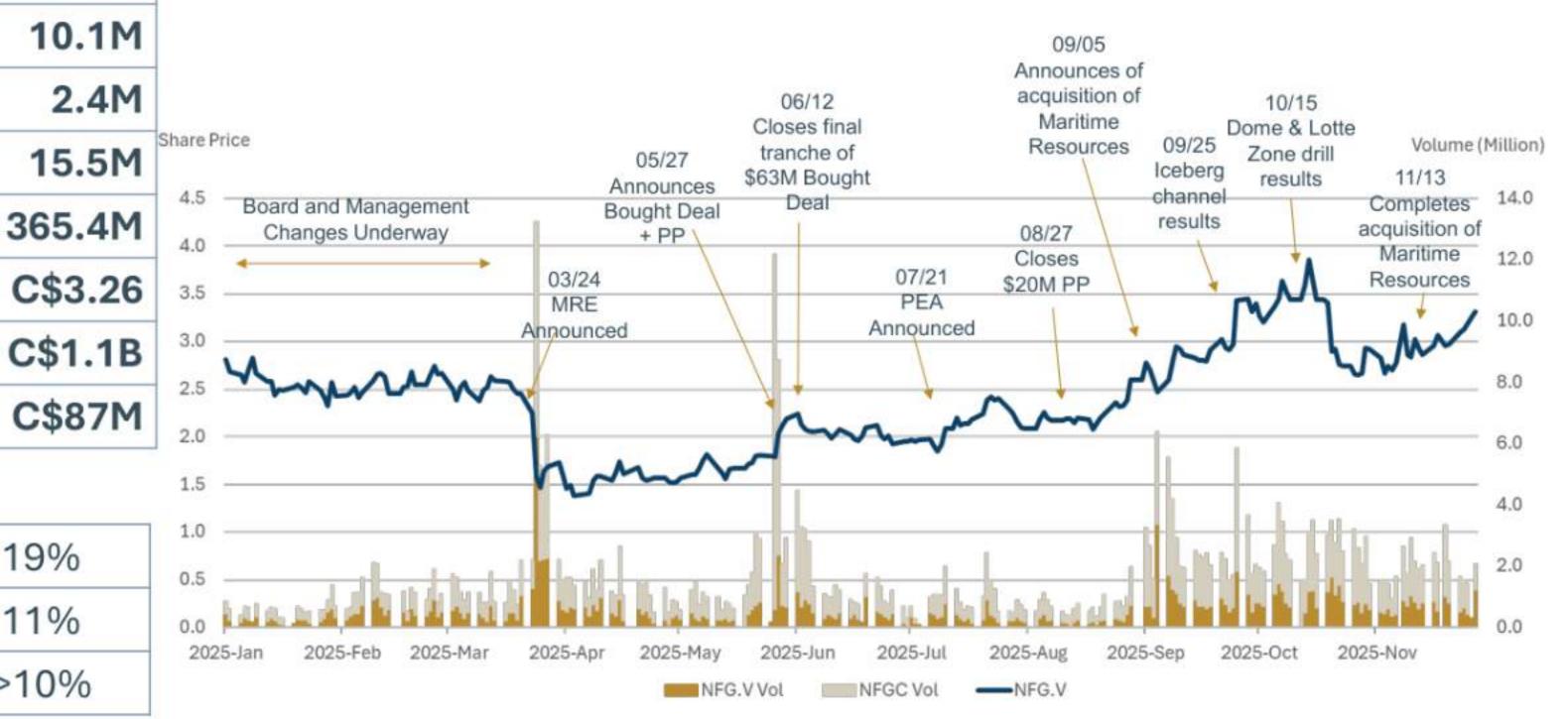
Market Cap C\$1.1B

Cash and Marketable Securities² (as at Sep 30/25) C\$87M

SHARE OWNERSHIP3

SHAKE OWNERSHIP	
Eric Sprott	19%
Dundee Corporation	11%
Institutional	>10%

YTD SHARE PRICE PERFORMANCE



ANALYST COVERAGE

Andrew Mikitchook Rabi Nizami Mike Niehuser Don MacLean
BMO Capital Markets National Bank Financial ROTH Capital Partners Paradigm Capital

Paradigm Capital SCP Resource Finance

Brandon Gaspar

¹ All data as of November 27, 2025 unless stated otherwise; ² Pro-forma New Found Gold and Maritime Resources as at Sept, 30, 2025; ³ sources: SEDI, SEDAR, Bloomberg, company records.

STRATEGIC COMBINATION



Nov. 13, 2025: New Found Gold Completes Acquisition of Maritime Resources Creating an Emerging Canadian Gold Producer¹



ADDITION OF HAMMERDOWN, A HIGH-GRADE GOLD PRODUCER IN CENTRAL NEWFOUNDLAND

- First gold poured November 2025
- Ramp up to full production at Hammerdown early 2026



HAMMERDOWN CASH FLOW TO SUPPORT QUEENSWAY DEVELOPMENT

 Near-term expected cash flow from Hammerdown expected to fund a material portion of Queensway initial capex



CREATION OF AN EMERGING CANADIAN GOLD PRODUCER IN A RISING GOLD PRICE ENVIRONMENT

- Hammerdown: full production in 2026
- Queensway Phase 1 production targeted 2027



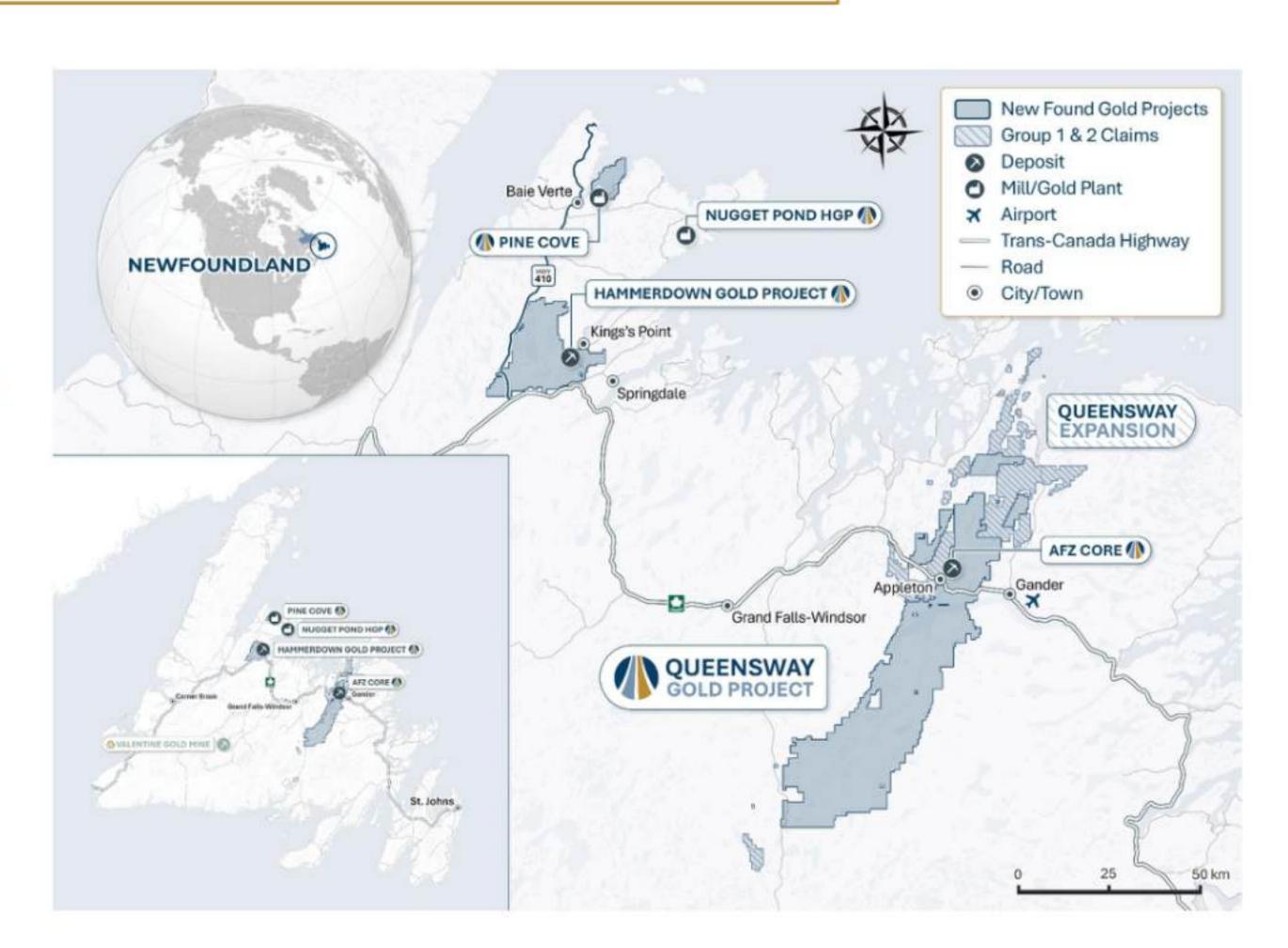
PROXIMITY OF ASSETS = OPERATIONAL SYNERGIES

- Maritime infrastructure: Pine Cove Mill and Nugget Pond HGP
- Queensway PEA: secures offsite processing facilities for Phase 1



SIGNIFICANT RE-RATE POTENTIAL

- Unlocking operational synergies
- Opportunity due to addition of near-term production/cash flow
- Increased scale and capital markets presence



KEY ASSETS



NEAR-TERM PRODUCTION | FULLY PERMITTED MILL AND TAILINGS | CAMP-SCALE POTENTIAL

HAMMERDOWN GOLD PROJECT

- Gold production in a rising gold price environment
- Fully permitted high grade, open pit gold project
- Ramp up to full production early 2026
- 2022 Feasibility Study:
 - 50 koz annual production at a US\$912/oz AISC^{1,2}
 - P&P mineral reserves: 1.9Mt @ 4.46 g/t Au (272k oz)³

PINE COVE MILL

- Fully permitted mill and tailings facility
- Stockpile processing commenced Q1/25
- Mill rated for 1,300 tonnes per day nominal throughput
- Processing transitioned to Hammerdown feed in H2/25

QUEENSWAY GOLD PROJECT

- Robust PEA completed Q3/25: 1.5 Moz Au over a 15-year LOM US\$1,256/oz Au ASIC³
- Solid low-cost production profile phased mine plan⁴:
 - Phase I: high-grade 700 tpd open pit (offsite mill)
 - Phase II: 7,000 tpd open pit (on-site processing)
 - Phase III: addition of UG mine (on-site processing)
- Camp-scale exploration potential

NUGGET POND HGP

- 700 tpd Hydrometallurgical gold circuit owned by NFG
- Built in 1995 and operated as a gold plant for over 10 years
- Currently idle, previously processed Hammerdown feed (95% recovery)









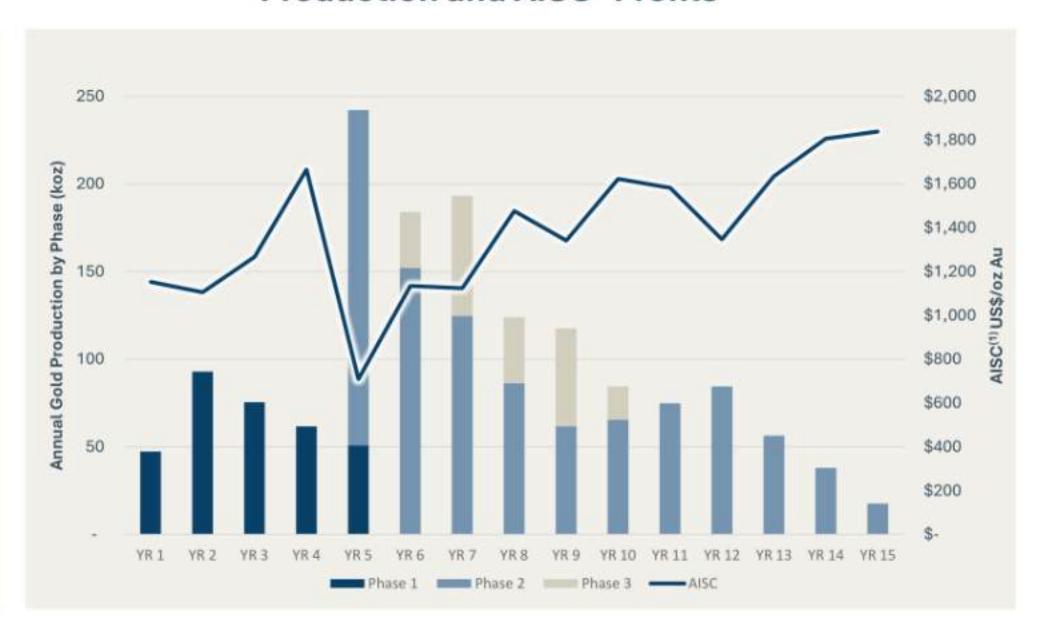
QUEENSWAY DEVELOPMENT



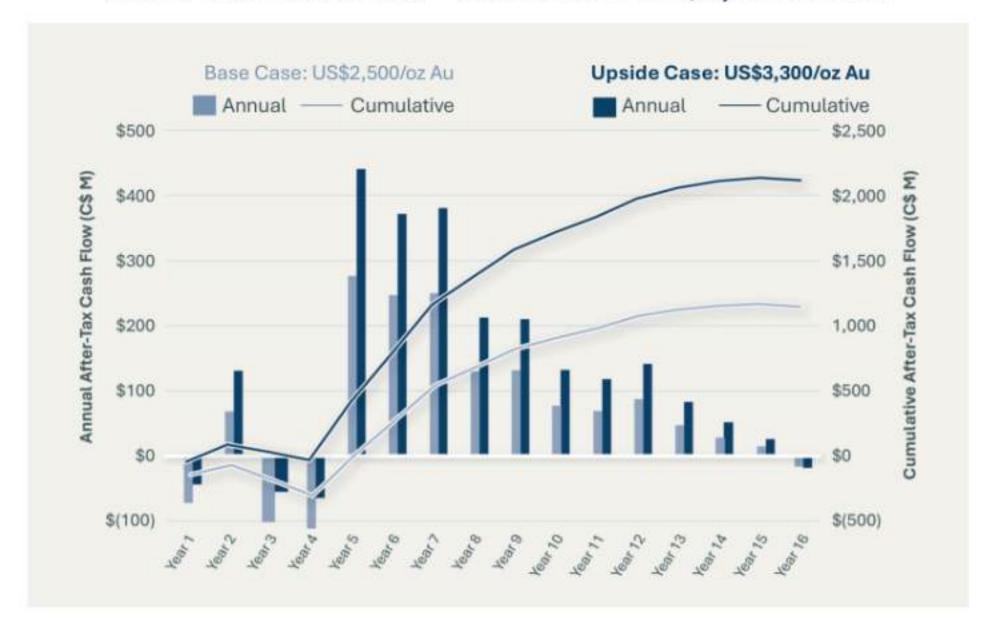
HAMMERDOWN CASH FLOW TO SUPPORT PHASE 1 CAPEX

Production and AISC¹ Profile

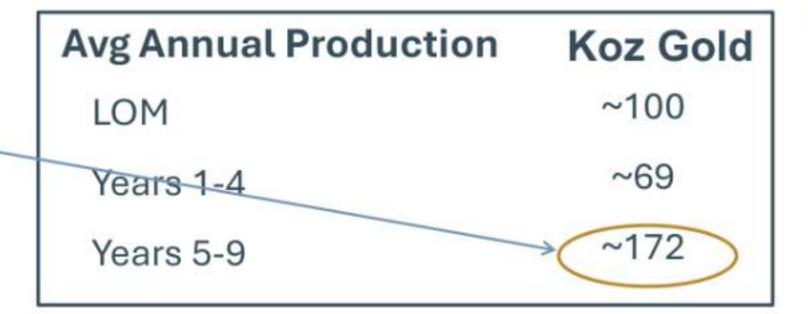
~C\$155M of initial capital unlocks average annual production of 172 koz Au (Years 5-9)



After-tax Cash Flow - Base Case US\$2,500/oz Au



CapEx by Category	C\$M
Initial Cap.ital (Phase 1 Toll Mill)	\$155
Growth Capital (QWY Plant)	\$442
Growth Capital (UG Mine)	\$143



Economics (base case US\$2,500)			
NPV 5% IRR (after-tax)	C\$743M 56%		
LOM AISC ¹	US\$1256/oz		
After-tax Payback	<2 years		

¹ All-in Sustaining Costs (AISC) is a non-GAAP measure. AISC is calculated as the sum of treatment and refining charges, royalties, onsite operating costs, sustaining capital costs, and closure costs, divided by the quantity of ounces sold. See additional notes on non-GAAP measures and AISC in the Appendix

LEVERAGE TO GOLD PRICE



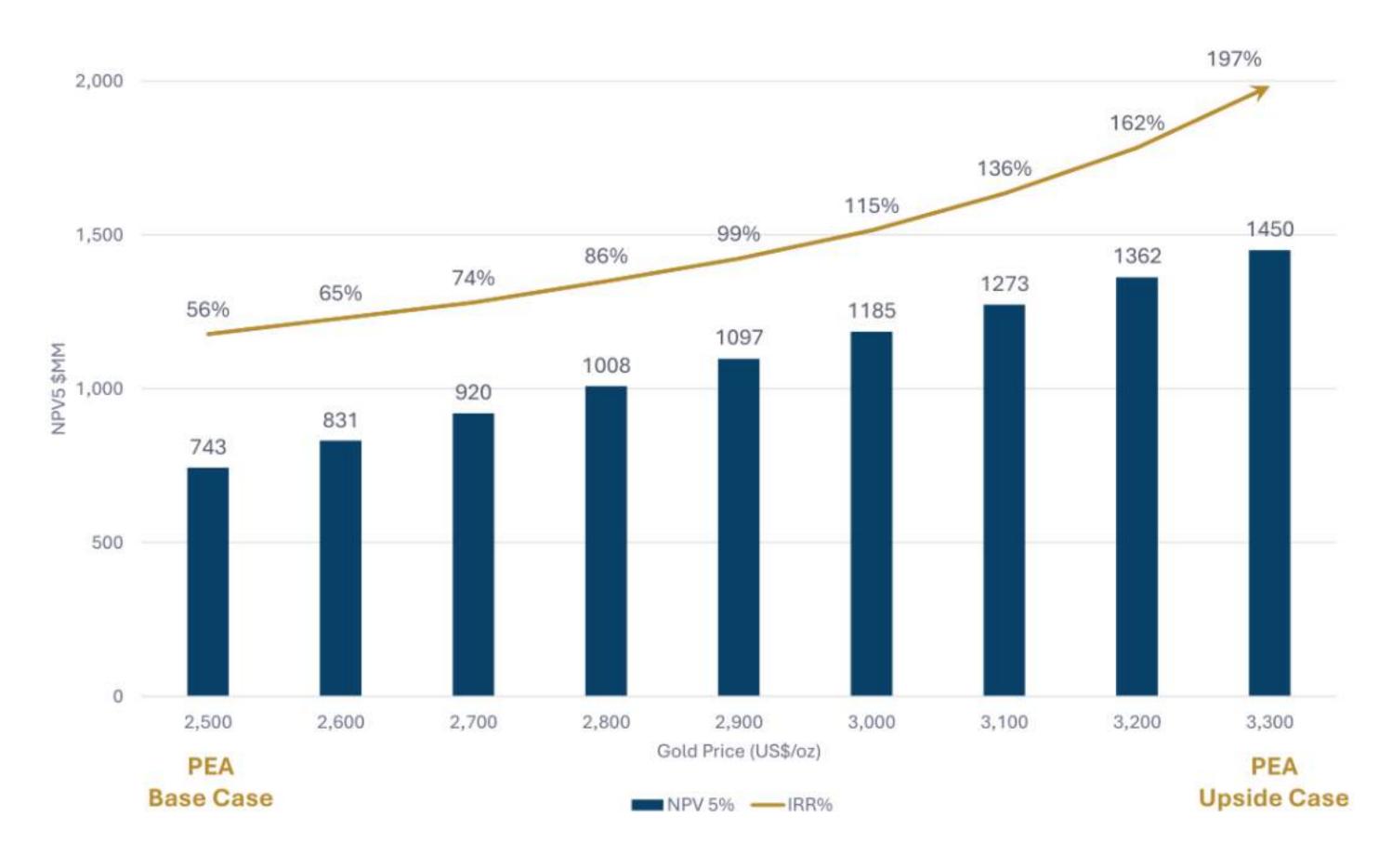
Queensway Offers

High Leverage to Gold Price

- √ 100% of Revenue from Gold
- √ \$89MM increase in NPV_{5%} for each US\$100 increase in gold price

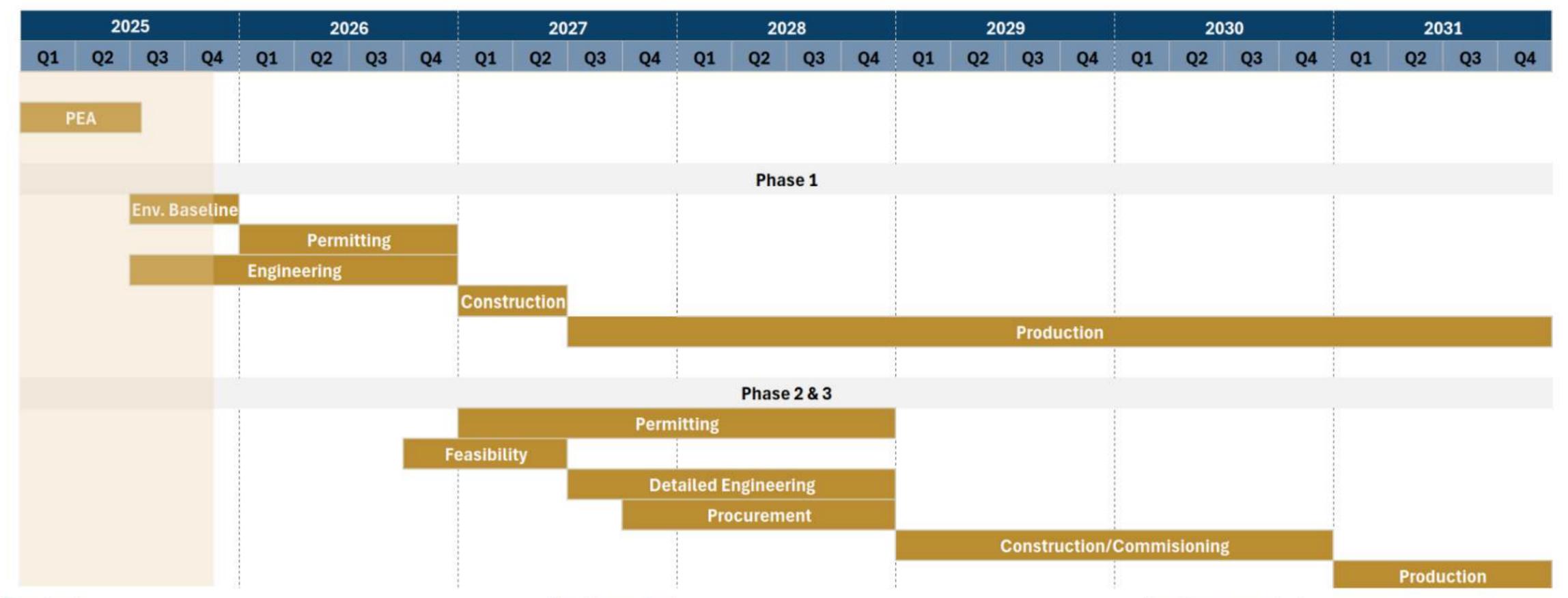


Queensway PEA: After-Tax Economics



QUEENSWAY DEVELOPMENT SCHEDULE





Geology

- Infill drilling to upgrade and add to initial MRE
- Definition drilling in high-grade zones
- Regional exploration focused on the next major deposit
- At-surface high-grade excavation and channel sampling

Engineering

- Ongoing metallurgical testing
- Geo-metallurgical modelling of refractory gold distribution
- Geotechnical and condemnation drilling and evaluation
- Phase 1 tradeoff studies and detail engineering

Environmental

- Completion of baseline studies
- Preparation of project description and submission of EA application
- Continued engagement with communities and government

ATTRACTIVELY POSITIONED



EMERGING CANADIAN GOLD PRODUCER

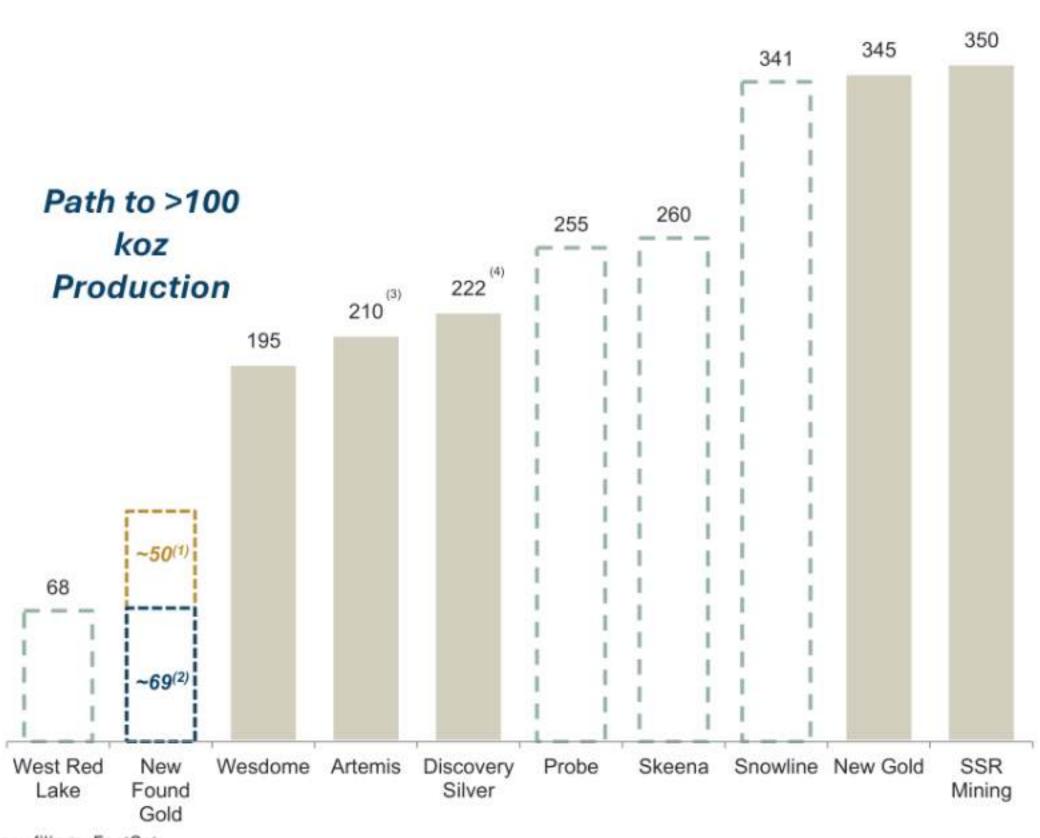
Annual Gold Production (koz Au)

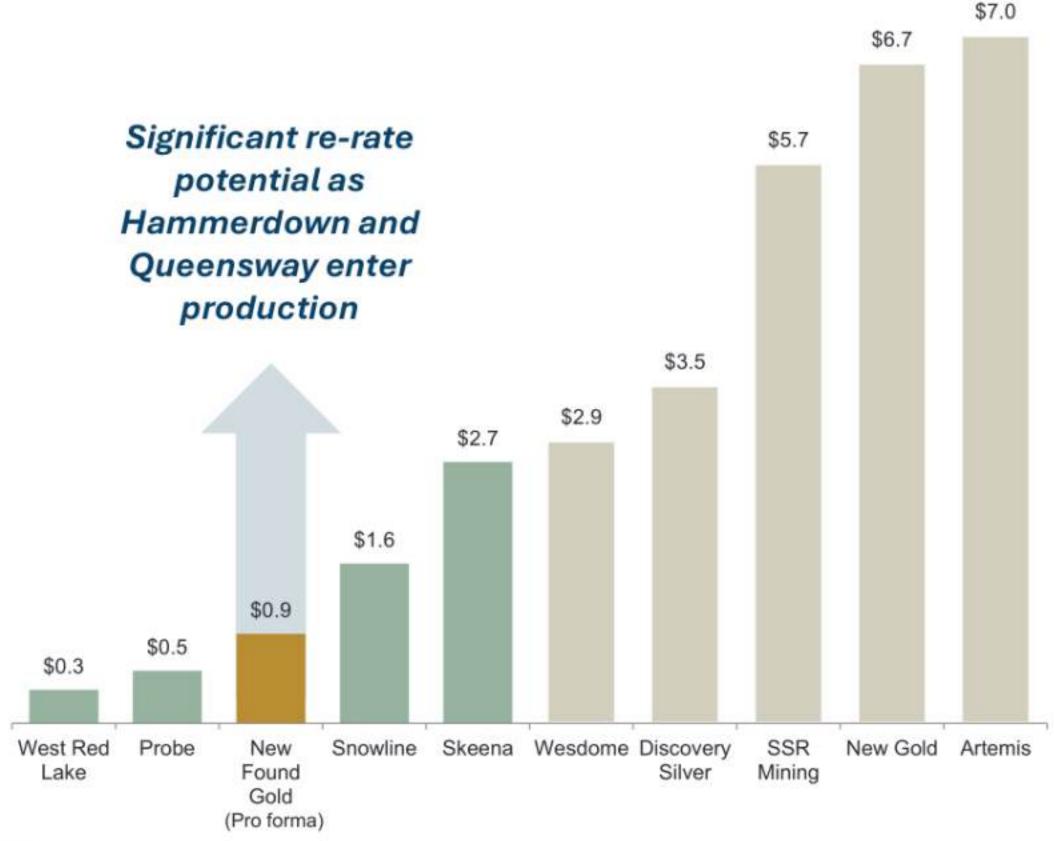
Producing - 2025E Guidance (Midpoint)

L Developer - Technical Report LOM Avg.

Market Capitalization (C\$ billion)

ProducingDeveloper



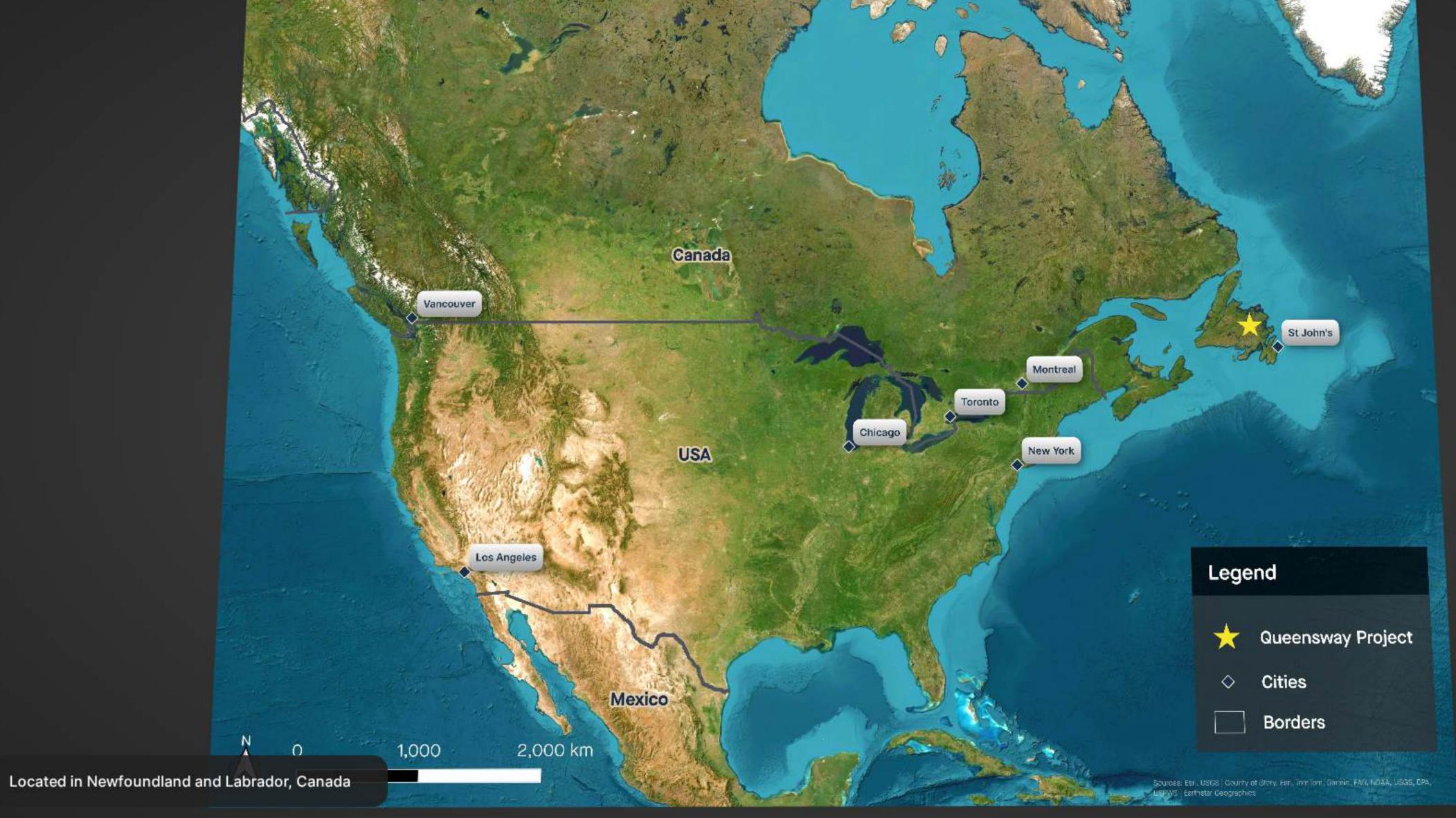


Source: Company filings, FactSet

Note: Peer data based on i) midpoint of guidance for producers and ii) the LOM average from latest technical report on the primary asset for developers.

- 1. Hammerdown average gold production from the 2022 Feasibility Study.
- 2. Queensway average gold production from the 2025 PEA during phase I (years 1 4).
- 3. Blackwater is currently ramping up, 2021 Feasibility study contemplates phase I (years 1-5) average annual gold production of 321 koz gold.
- 4. Based on 2025 gold production from the 2025 Porcupine Complex Preliminary Economic Assessment.

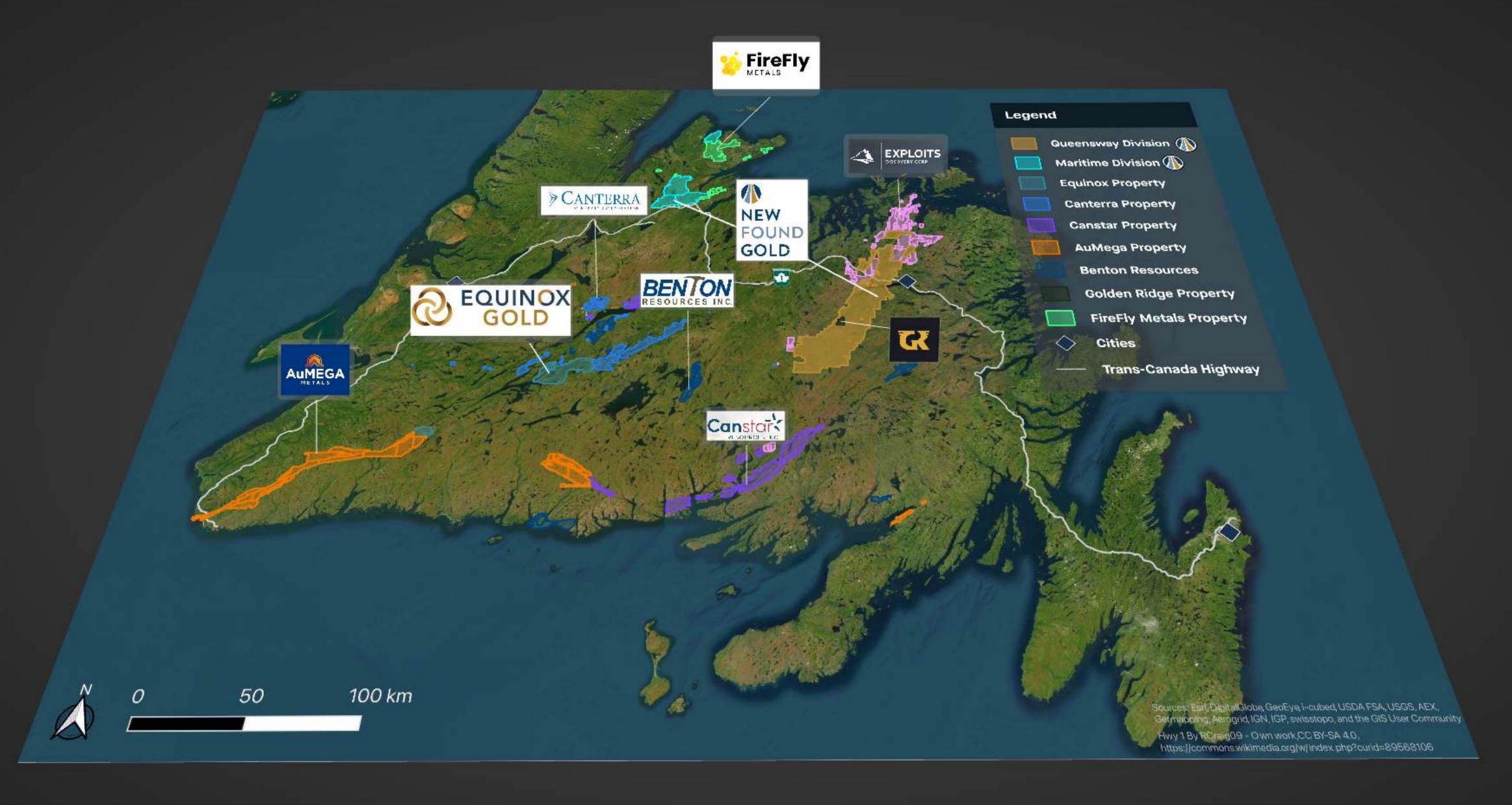
Location - North American Overview Canada Montreal Toronto New York USA Legend Queensway Project





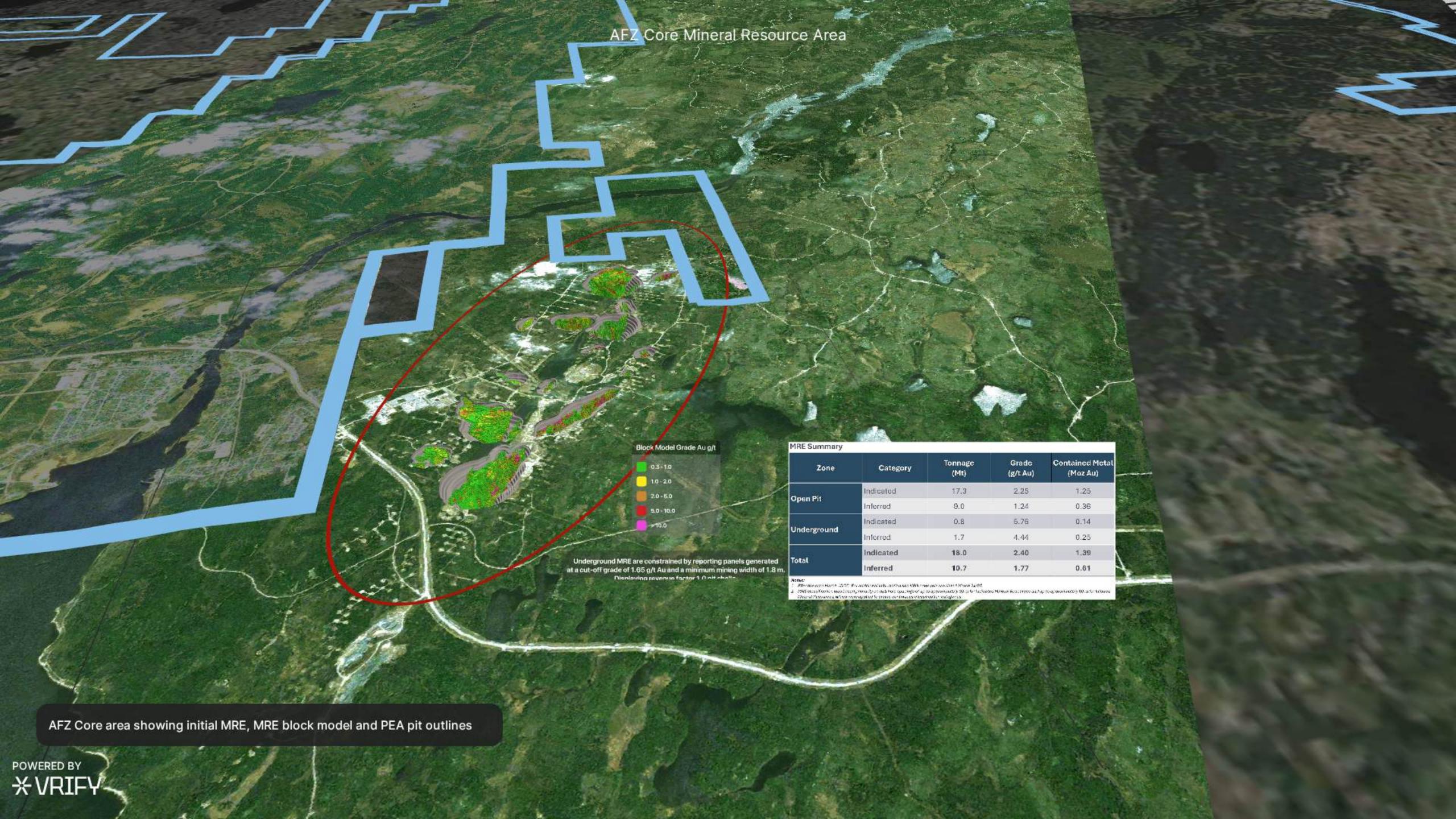


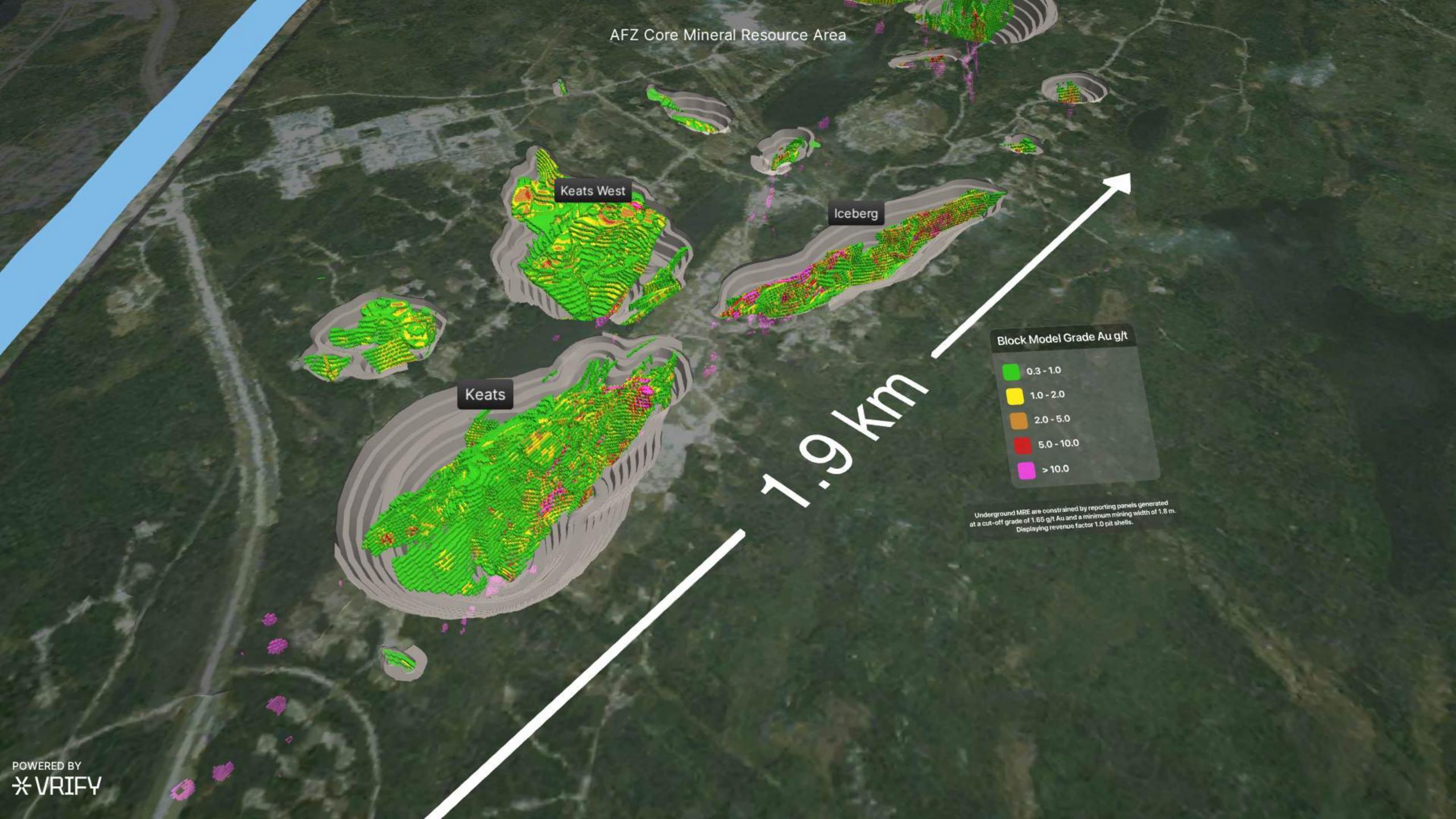
Neighbouring Projects

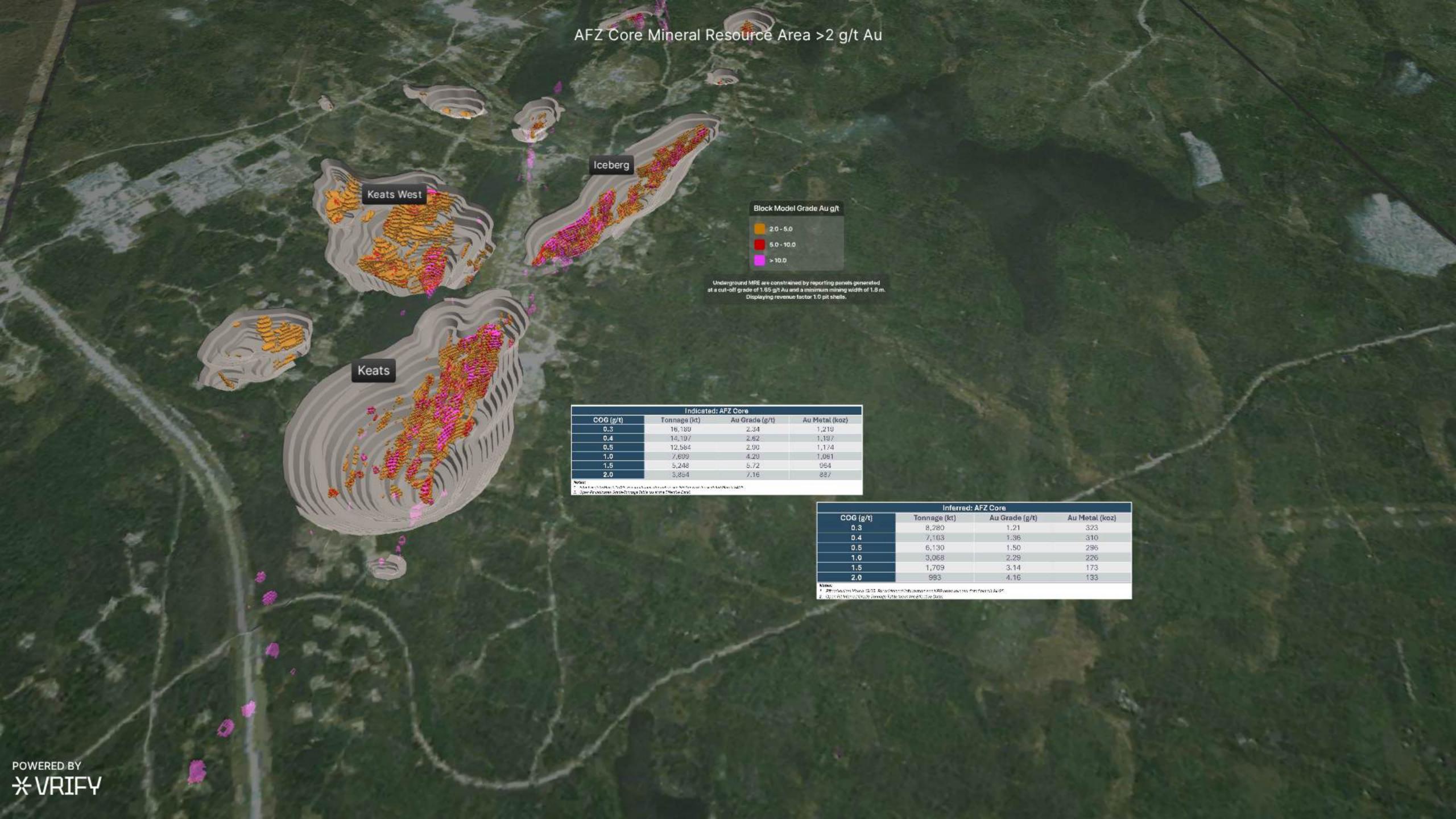














Iceberg Excavation Channel Sampling

IB-25-01-16 23.9 g/t Au over 15.12 m IB-25-01-15 3.7 g/t Au over 21.3 m IB-25-01-40 47.4 g/t Au over 7.36 m

IB-25-01-14 16.1 g/t Au over 6.52 m

IB-25-01-11 51.7 g/t Au over 2.19 m IB-25-01-10 64.8 g/t Au over 6.71 m

23.0 g/t Au over 13.74 m IB-25-01-07 117.0 g/t Au over 2.16 m /IB-25-01-17 28.1 g/t Au over 7.11 m

> /IB-25-01-18 113.0 g/t Au over 2.99 m

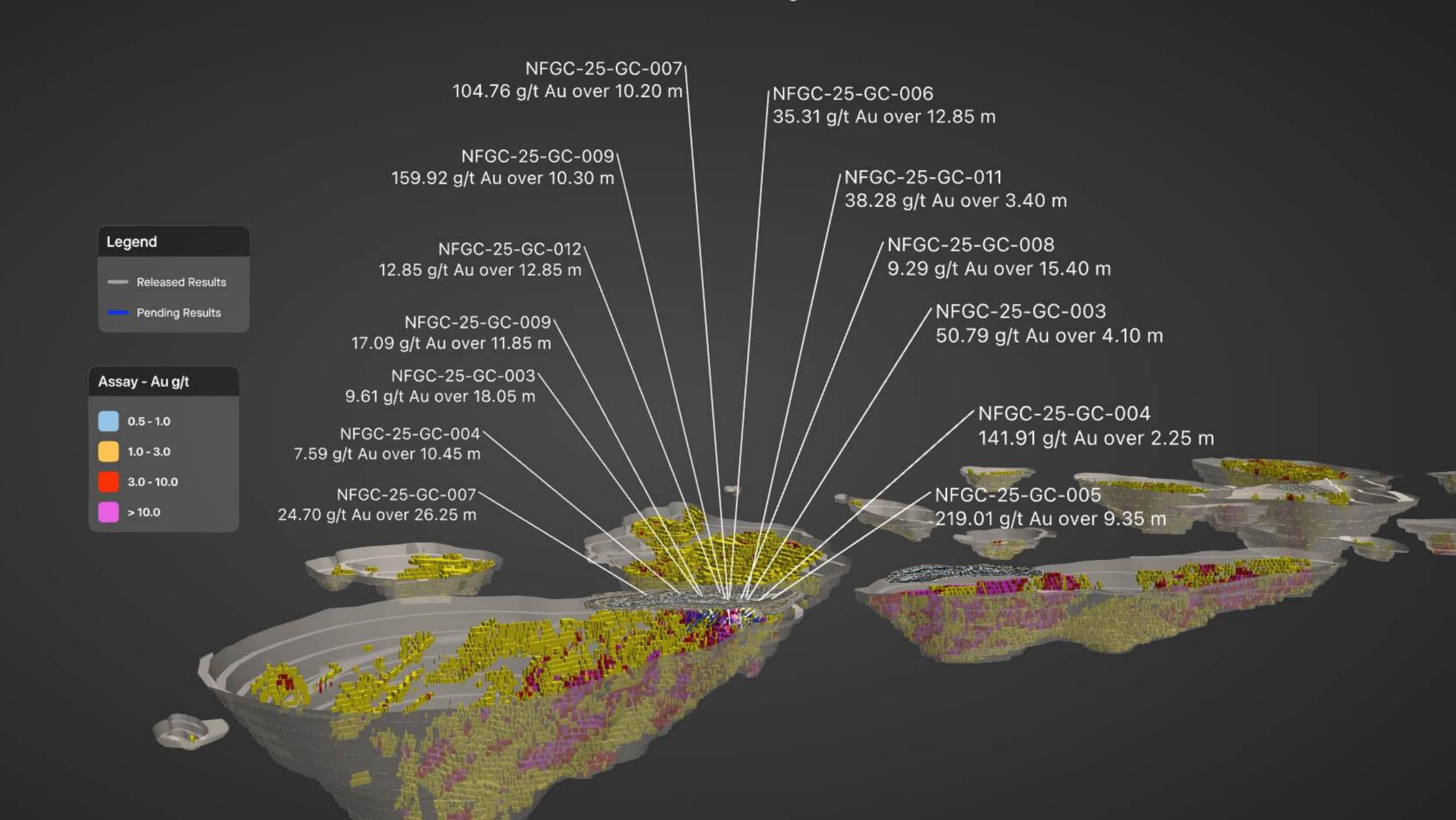
> > /IB-25-01-26 33.5 g/t Au over 2.54 m

> > > -IB-25-01-27 -16.8 g/t Au over 4.77 m

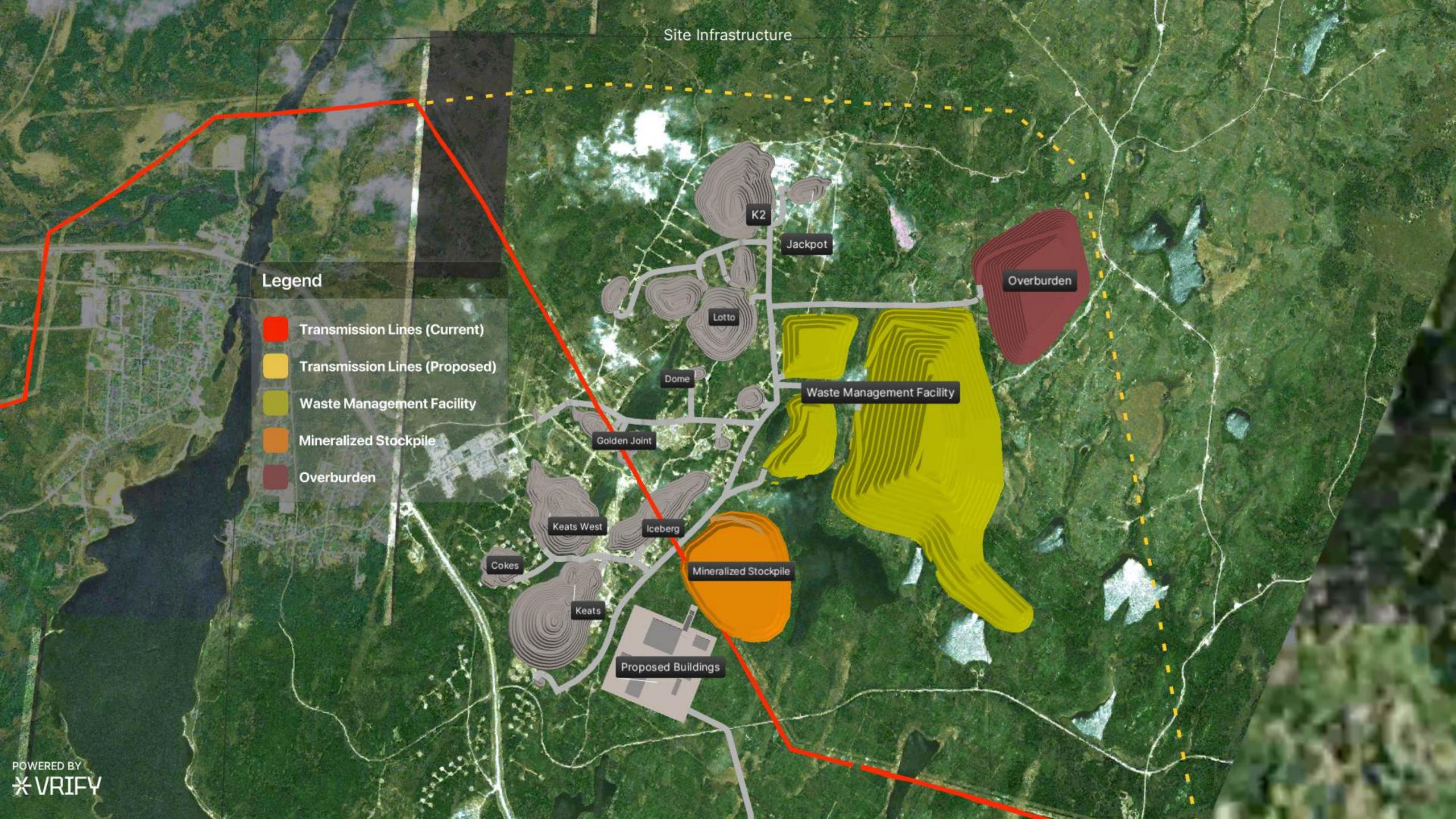
Keats Excavation Grade Control Drilling

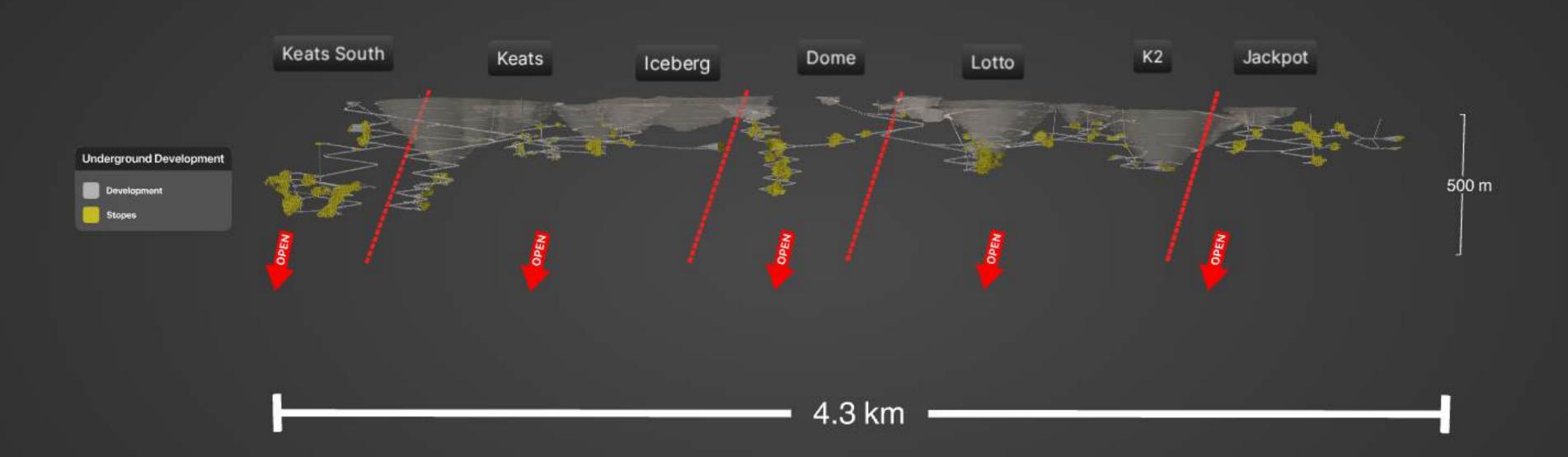
POWERED BY

* VRIFY





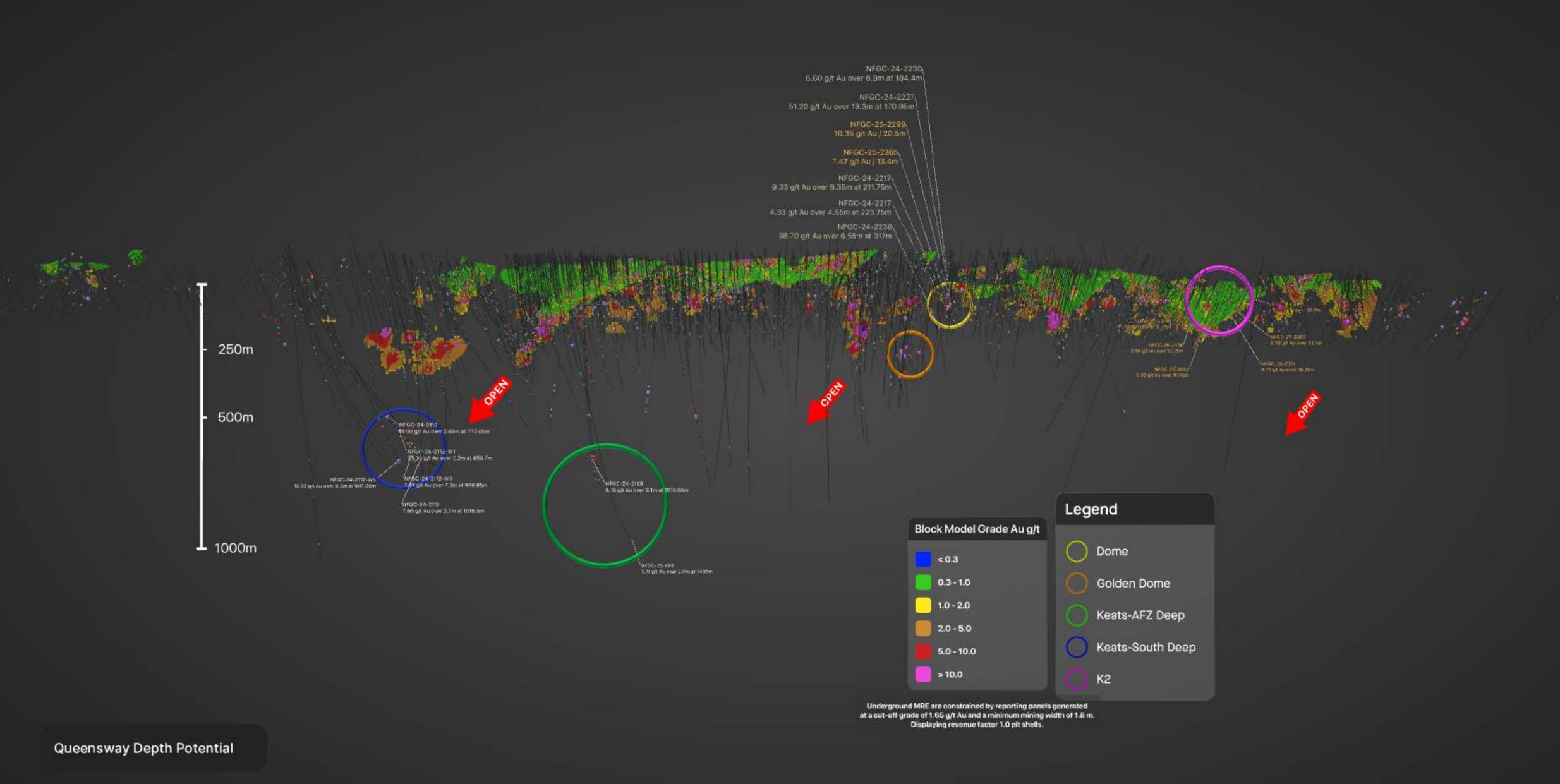




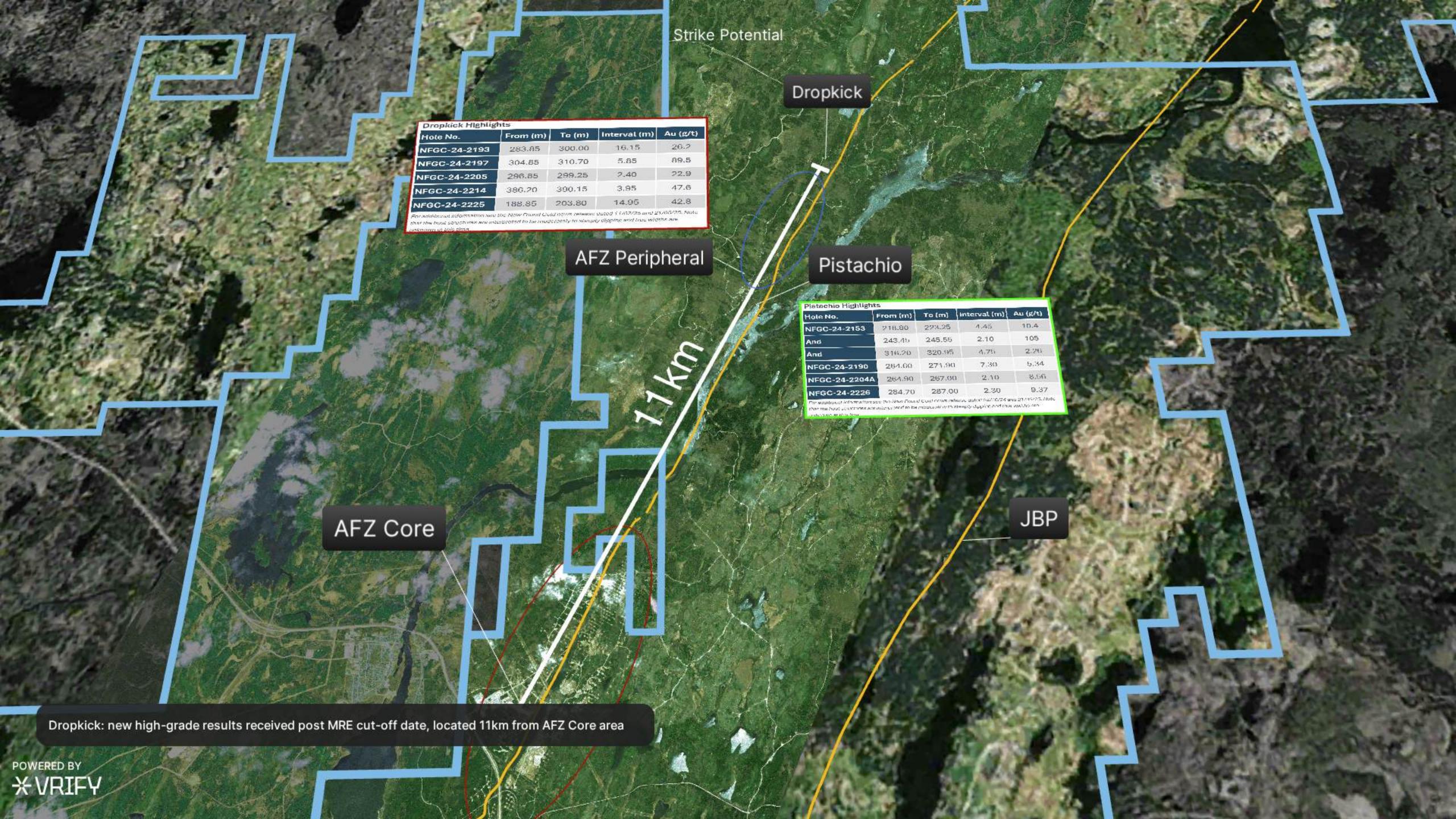
PEA Underground Infrastructure and Stope Design



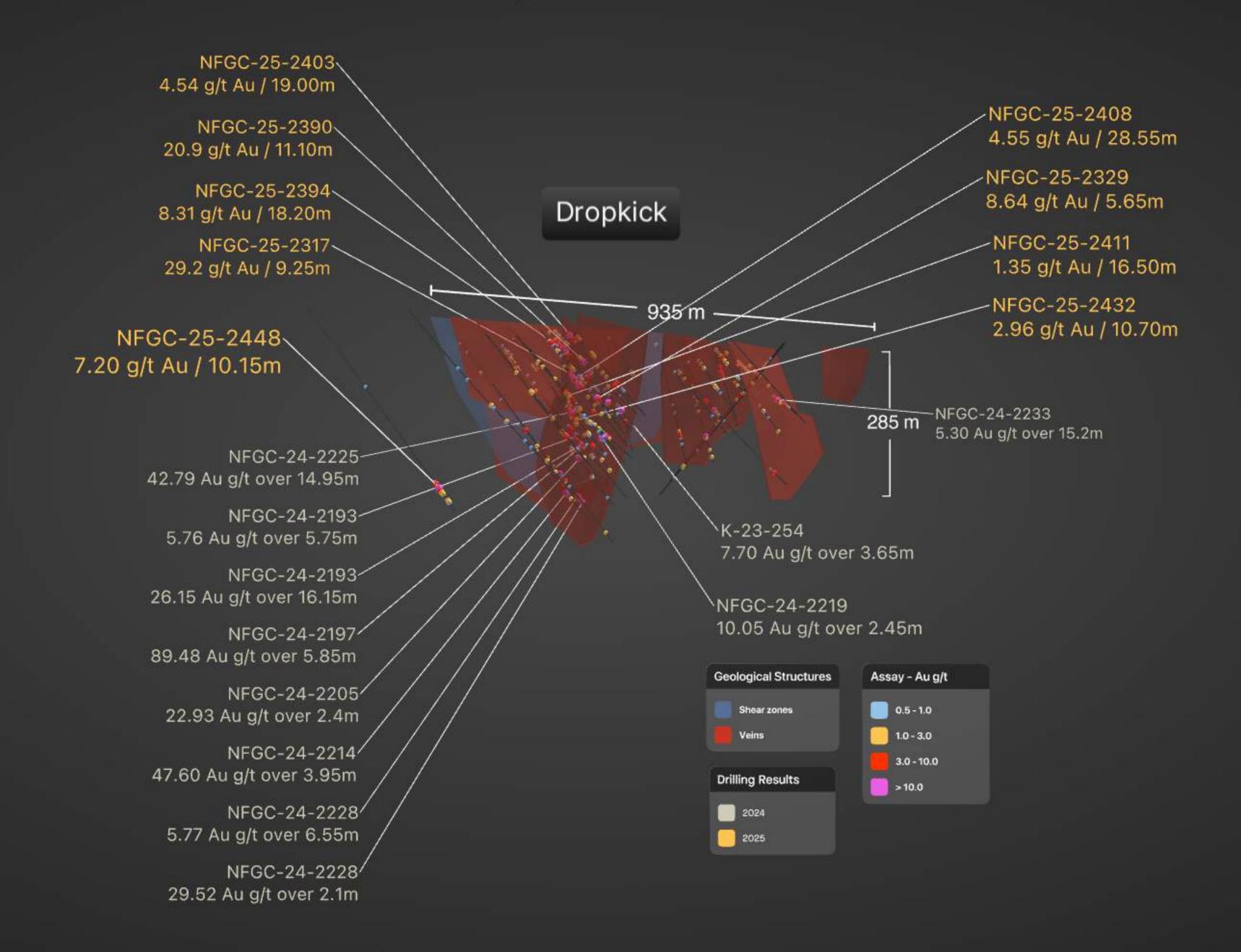
Depth Potential







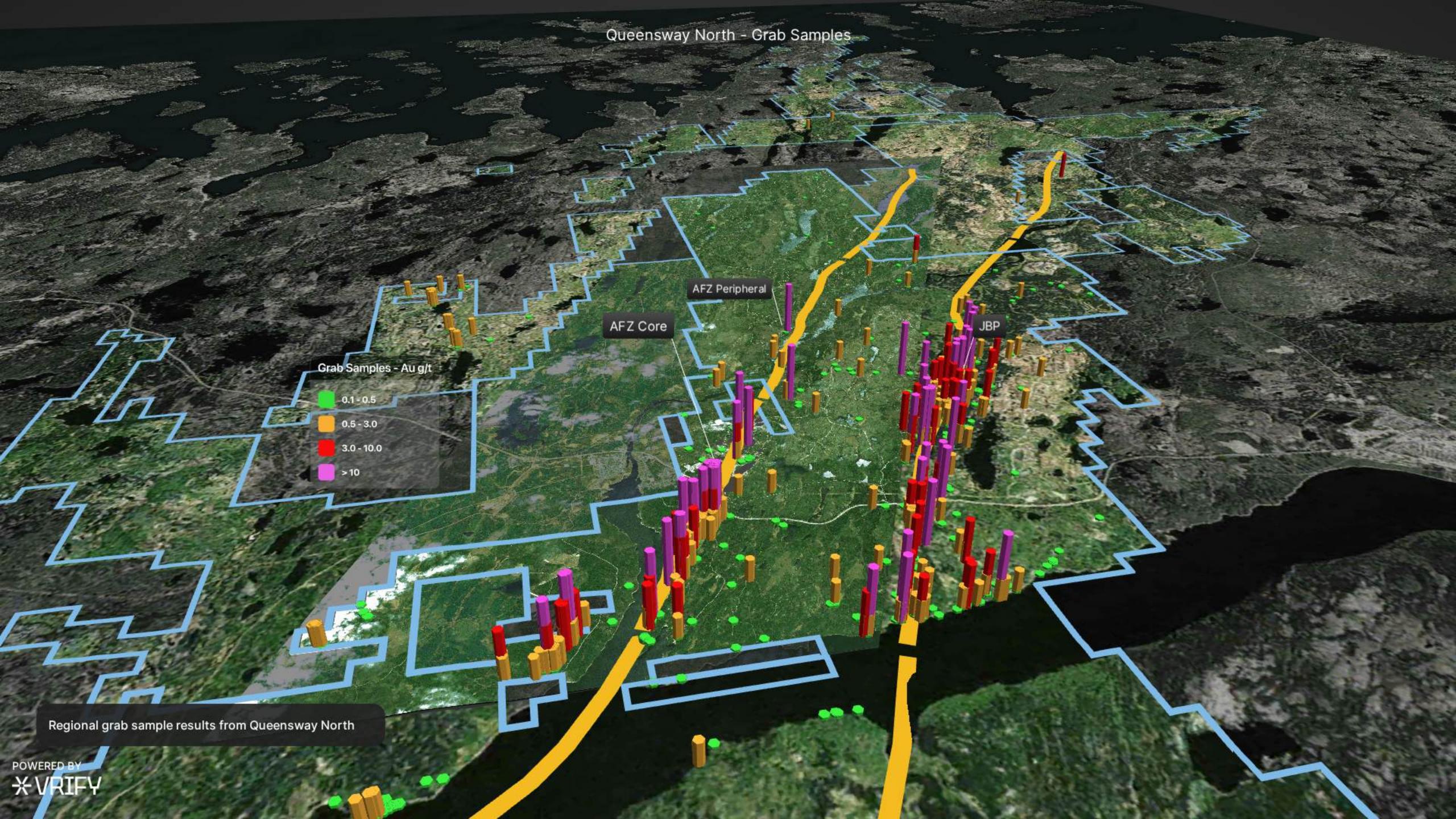
Dropkick Drill Results

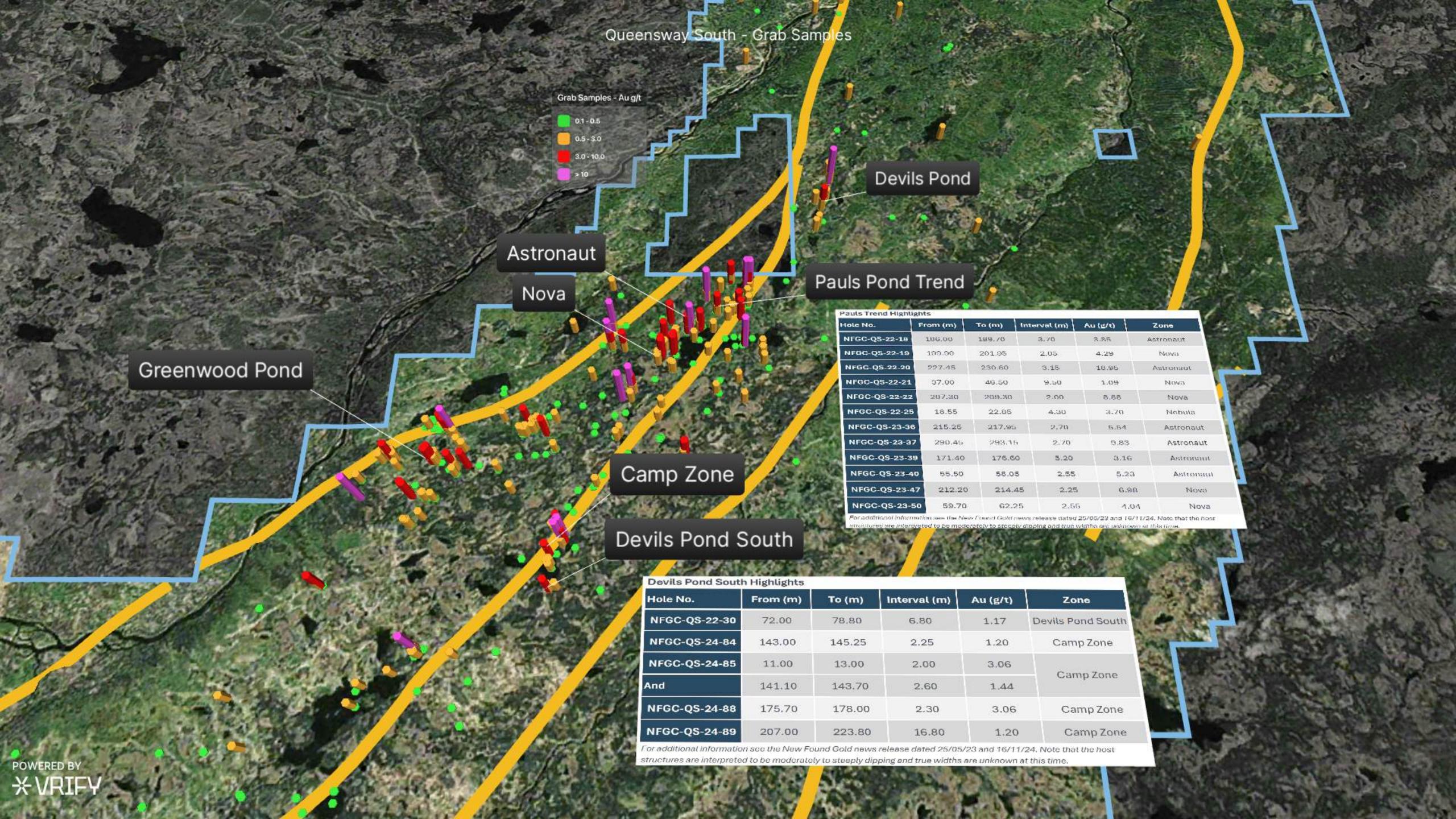


11km N of AE7 Core











KEY REASONS TO INVEST





EMERGING GOLD PRODUCER |

STRONG GOLD PRICE ENVIROMENT



FASTRACKING PRODUCTION | DERISKING QUEENSWAY



TOP 10 JURISDICTION | NEWFOUNDLAND CANADA



EXPERIENCED TEAM OF MINE BUILDERS & OPERATORS | STRONG TREASURY



PROLIFIC PROPERTY PACKAGE | TREMENDOUS UPSIDE POTENTIAL



¹ Source: Fraser Institute 2025 Annual Survey of Mining Companies





CONTACT

Fiona Childe | Ph.D., P.Geo. VP, Communications & Corporate Development



e contact@newfoundgold.ca

https://www.linkedin.com/company/newfound-gold-corp





NEWFOUNDLAND FOCUSED







ACCESS TO INFRASTRUCTURE

Trans-Canada highway, renewable power, Gander International airport, and proximity to deep shipping ports.



TOP 10 JURISDICTION

Consistently ranked a top 10 mining jurisdiction globally¹.



SKILLED WORKFORCE

Skilled workforce in a business-friendly jurisdiction.



GOVERNMENT SUPPORT

New legislation demonstrates commitment to tighten permitting timelines for well-planned, stakeholder-focused, financially beneficial projects.

¹ Source: Fraser Institute 2025 Annual Survey of Mining Companies

QUEENSWAY OVERVIEW



High-Grade Core = Low Capital-Intensive Phased Approach



Rapid Advancement to Cash Flow

- Solid low-cost production profile from year one via a phased mine plan:
 - Phase 1: Low Initial capital cost (\$155 million), builds average annual gold production² of 69.3koz oz Au at an AISC³ of US\$1,282/oz Au in Years 1 to 4 planned to fund Phase 2.
 - Phase 2: Growth capital (\$442 million), builds average annual gold production
 of 172.2koz Au at an AISC of US\$1,090/oz Au in Years 5 to 9, paid back in less
 than one year.
 - Phase 3: Growth capital (\$143 million) to develop high-grade underground in Years 6-10; open at depth
- Significant leverage to gold price: After-tax NPV_{5%}¹ increases to \$1.45 billion from \$743 million and IRR increases to 197% from 56.3% when gold price raised to US\$3,300/oz Au from base case of US\$2,500/oz Au.
- Total production: 1.5 Moz Au over a 15-year LOM at an average total cash cost of US\$1,085/oz Au and an AISC of US\$1,256/oz Au.
- Exploration upside: Significant resource expansion potential, both near-MRE and camp scale





¹ After-tax NPV is a non-GAAP measure. ² Denotes a "specified financial measure" within the meaning of National Instrument 52-112 – non-GAAP and Other Financial Measures". ³ All-in Sustaining Costs (AISC) is a non-GAAP measure. AISC is calculated as the sum of treatment and refining charges, royalties, onsite operating costs, sustaining capital costs, and closure costs, divided by the quantity of ounces sold. See additional notes on non-GAAP measures and AISC in the Appendix.



QUEENSWAY MINERAL RESOURCE ESTIMATE

Mineral Resource Estimate - Queensway (Effective Date: March 15, 2025)

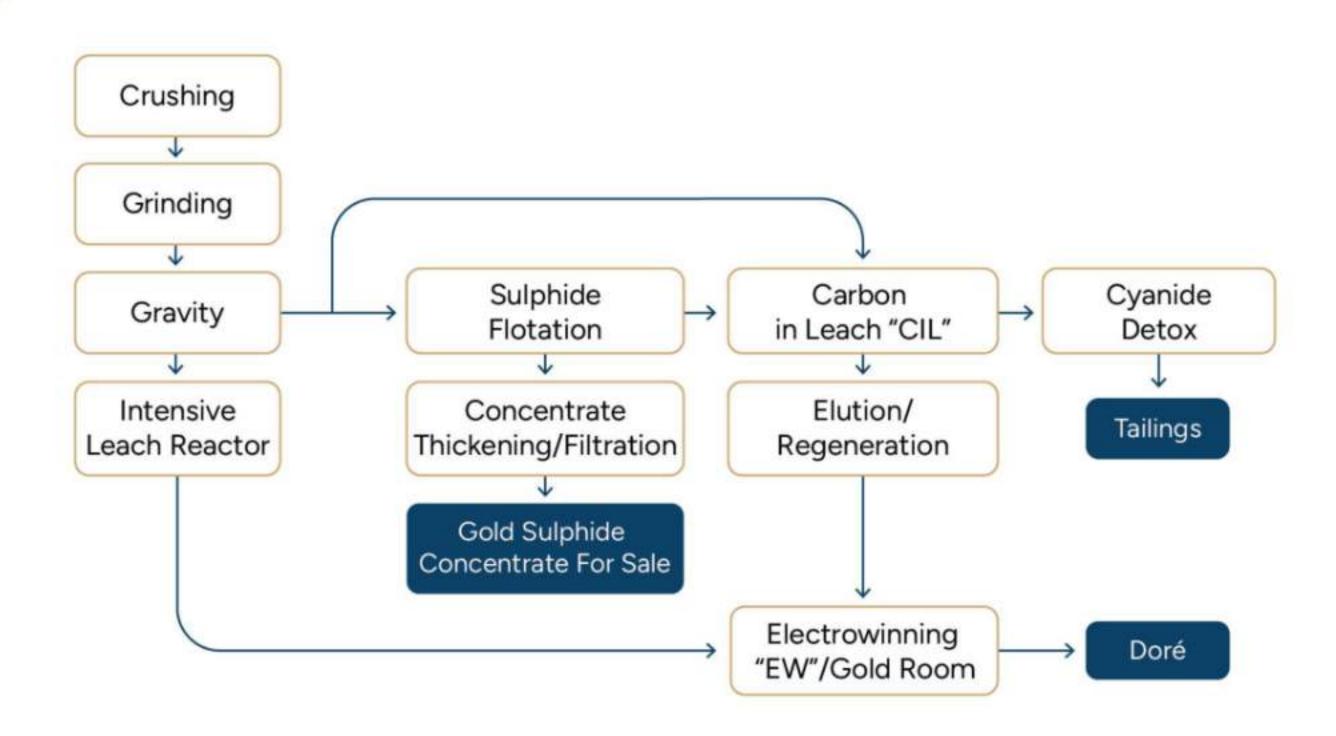
Zone	Category	Tonnage	Grade	Contained Gold
		(kt)	(g/t Au)	(koz)
Onen Bit Becourses	Indicated	17,267	2.25	1,249
Open Pit Resources	Inferred	8,960	1.24	358
Underground December	Indicated	771	5.76	142
Underground Resources	Inferred	1,749	4.44	250
Tatal	Indicated	18,038	2.40	1,392
Total	Inferred	10,709	1.77	608

Notes:

- CIM (2014) definitions were followed for Mineral Resources.
- Mineral Resources are estimated using a long-term gold price of US\$2,200 per ounce, and a US\$/C\$ exchange rate of US\$1.00 = C\$1.43.
- Open pit Mineral Resources are estimated at a cut-off grade of 0.3 g/t Au and constrained by a preliminary optimized pit shell with a pit slope angle of 45°, and bench height of 5 m.
- RPEEE (as defined below) for underground Mineral Resources was demonstrated by constraining within reporting panels generated at a cut-off grade of 1.65 g/t Au, with heights (H) of 10 m, lengths (L) of 5 m and minimum widths of 1.8 m.
- The optimized pit shell, underground reporting shapes, and cut-off grades were generated by assuming metallurgical recovery of 90%, standard treatment and refining charges, mining costs of C\$5.0/t moved for open pit and C\$120/t processed for underground, processing costs of C\$20/t processed, and general and administrative costs of C\$7.5/t processed.
- Pierre Landry, P.Geo. of SLR, an independent Qualified Person who prepared the initial MRE is not aware of any environmental, permitting, legal, title, taxation, socio-economic, marketing, political, or other relevant factors that could materially affect the Mineral Resource estimate
- 7. Bulk density within the vein and halo mineralization domains is 2.7 t/m³.
- 8. Mineral Resources that are not Mineral Reserves do not have demonstrated economic viability.
- 9. Numbers may not add due to rounding.

QUEENSWAY PROCESSING AND RECOVERY





Phase 1 - Toll Milling

- 1.2 Mt in Years 1-5 at an average diluted grade of 9.64 g/t Au
- high-grade material will be crushed at site and processed at the toll mill
- Estimated 92% recovery

Phase 2 & 3 - On-Site Processing and In-Pit Tailings Deposition

 On-site 7,000 tpd processing plant to be constructed; mill will operate for 10.5 yrs (Year 5-10)

Metallurgical Test Work¹ Phases I & II Summary:

- Based on phases 1 and 2, the PEA assumes an 92% recovery, with 48% of the gold reporting to doré, and 44% of the gold reporting to concentrate.
- Gold reporting to doré will be recovered by gravity concentration, as well as CIL of the flotation tailings. Sulphide concentrate will be produced from gravity concentration tailings.

Phase III Highlights

- Confirmed Keats West Zone Gold Recovery of 89.2%
- confirmed production of a saleable gold concentrate and flowsheet presented in the PEA
- Keats West master composite sulphide samples produced a gold concentrate with an average 89.2% overall recovery, confirming the recovery used in the PEA
- Confirmed production of a saleable gold concentrate and flowsheet presented in the PEA.
- Average recoveries of 87% were achieved from rougher stage flotation on select low grade samples from the Keats, Golden Joint, Lotto and Iceberg zones initially tested in Phases I and II of the Queensway metallurgical testing program², with further work planned

Next Steps:

 Additional Feasibility Study level metallurgical test work is planned, including sensor-based sorting, comminution, mineralogy, gravity, cyanidation leaching, flotation, equipment sizing tests, with results expected in H2/26.

HAMMERDOWN OVERVIEW



PRODUCTION RAMP-UP IN A RISING GOLD PRICE ENVIRONMENT



Fully Permitted Mine and Mill

- High grade, open pit gold project in a Tier 1 Jurisdiction
- Production planned for 2025 at record high gold prices: brownfield site currently in construction
- Hammerdown ramping up to full production in early 2026: first gold pour achieved Nov 2025
- In Progress: \$15-20M capital costs for initial production, including mine site earthworks, pre-stripping, crushing, infrastructure and mill upgrades
- 2022 Feasibility Study¹ Highlights: 50 koz annual production at a US\$912/oz AISC²
- Proven and Probable mineral reserves: 1.9Mt @ 4.46 g/t
 Au (272k oz)³





HAMMERDOWN TECHNICAL REPORT*



Hammerdown Feasibility Study

Study Results

Item	Units	Total
Mine life	years	5
Ore tonnes	kt	1,895
Waste tonnes	Mt	38.5
Strip ratio	waste:ore	20.3
ROM ore production	tpd	1,200
ROM gold grade	Au gpt	4.46
Sorting plant waste rejection	%	40.0
Sorting plant gold recovery	%	95.0
Mill throughput	tpd	700
Mill head grade after sorting	Au gpt	6.76
Tonnes milled	Kt	1,189
Mill gold recovery	%	95.5
Gold produced	oz	247,346
Avg. annual production	oz	50,000
Mining cost	\$/t mined	4.49
Mineral processing	\$/t milled	48.06
Trucking from sorting plant to mill	\$/t milled	25.50
General & Administrative	\$/t milled	12.04
Cash costs ^{1,4}	US\$/oz	897
AISC per ounce gold ^{1,4}	US\$/oz	912
Total initial capital ³	\$M	75.0
Total sustaining capital	\$M	4.9
Avg. annual free cash flow	\$M	41.4
After-tax NPV(5%)4	\$M	102.8
After-tax IRR ⁴	%	48.1
Payback period ²	years	1.7

- Refer to "Non-GAAP Financial Measures" below.
- Payback is defined as achieving cumulative positive free cashflow after all cash costs and capital costs, including sustaining capital costs and is calculated from the start of production.
- Excludes initial working capital requirements.
- 4. \$0.77 US\$/C\$ exchange rate.

Operating and Capital Costs

Capital costs have a basis of estimate at Class 3 (FEL3) with a stated -15%/+30% accuracy (after the Association for the Advancement of Cost Engineering International) and are stated in Q2 2022 Canadian dollars.

Capital cost contingency has been allocated on scopes of work. The combined contingency for all scopes of work is equivalent to 20% of direct costs, excluding mining equipment and pre-stripping. More than 82% of equipment costs, bulk materials and labour rates are estimated with budget quotes from vendors. The remaining 18% of costs are estimated from consultant databases on precedent projects, or from factoring such items as freight and construction indirect costs from supply pricing.

Mine equipment is assumed to be acquired through a combination of leasing for most production and support equipment, rentals for pioneering drills, and purchase of some support equipment.

The initial capital cost, including contingency, is estimated at \$75.0M and net LOM sustaining capital cost is estimated at \$4.9M, net of closure costs and salvage values for major equipment, for a total capital cost of \$80.0M.

Capital Costs

Item	Units	Total
Mining	\$M	10.6
Site development	\$M	4.7
Mineral processing	\$M	24.7
Water management	\$M	0.6
On-site infrastructure	SM	5.9
Project indirect costs	\$M	17.3
Owner's costs	\$M	4.0
Subtotal	\$M	67.9
Contingency	SM	7.2
Total initial capital	\$M	75.0
Sustaining capital	SM	11.0
Closure	\$M	3.5
Salvage	\$M	9.6
Total net sustaining capital	\$M	4.9
Total capital	\$M	80.0

Mine operating costs, including pre-stripping, are estimated at \$4.31/t moved with a strip ratio of 20.3 (waste:ore) over the LOM.

Processing and tailings storage related costs are estimated at \$48.06/t processed. General and administration costs are estimated at \$12.04/t processed. Diesel costs are estimated at \$1.53 per litre and power at \$0.085 per kWh (net charge for generated power).

Overall LOM Cash Costs are estimated at US\$897 per payable ounce of gold. The LOM All-In Sustaining Costs are estimated at US\$912 per payable ounce of gold. Mine operating costs, including pre-stripping, are estimated at \$4.31/t moved with a strip ratio of 20.3 (waste:ore) over the LOM.

Processing and tailings storage related costs are estimated at \$48.06/t processed. General and administration costs are estimated at \$12.04/t processed. Diesel costs are estimated at \$1.53 per litre and power at \$0.085 per kWh (net charge for generated power).

Overall LOM Cash Costs are estimated at US\$897 per payable ounce of gold. The LOM All-In Sustaining Costs are estimated at US\$912 per payable ounce of gold.

Operating Costs

Item	Units	Total
ROM tonnes	kt	1,895
Tonnes milled	kt	1,189
Payable gold produced	oz	247,346
Mining costs	\$/t mined	4.49
Trucking	\$/t milled	25.50
Mineral processing	\$/t milled	48.06
G&A	\$/t milled	12.04
Total	\$/t milled	234.45
Refining, royalties	\$M	9.3
On-site operating costs	\$M	278.7
Net sustaining capital	\$M	4.9
All in sustaining costs	US\$/oz	912

Project Economics

At the base case gold price (US\$1,750 per ounce Au and a \$0.77 US\$/C\$ exchange rate), the Project generates an after-tax NPV5% of \$102.8M and an after-tax IRR of 48.1%. Payback on initial capital is 1.7 years. LOM after-tax FCF is estimated at \$129.7M on an undiscounted basis. Average after-tax FCF while mining Hammerdown is estimated at \$41.4M per annum.

Gold Price Sensitivity

Gold price (US\$/oz)	Units	\$1,600	\$1,750	\$1,900
NPV(5%)	\$M	77.7	102.8	128.4
IRR	%	38.0	48.1	58.4
Payback	Years	2.3	1.7	1.3
Total undiscounted FCF	\$M	101.2	129.7	158.9
Avg. annual FCF	\$M	35.7	41.1	47.2

Details regarding the Hammerdown Project are included in the "Feasibility Study Technical Report, Hammerdown Gold Project, Newfoundland" prepared by JDS Energy & Mining Inc., with an effective date of August 15, 2022.



HAMMERDOWN MINERAL RESERVES & RESOURCE ESTIMATE

Mineral Reserve Estimate - Hammerdown (Effective Date: August 15, 2022)

Zone	Tonnage	Grade	Contained Gold
	(kt)	(g/t Au)	(koz)
Proven	556	5.94	106
Probable	1,340	3.85	166
Total Proven and Probable	1,895	4.46	272

Mineral Resource Estimate - Hammerdown (Effective Date: June 30, 2022)

Zone	Category	Tonnage	Grade	Contained Gold
		(kt)	(g/t Au)	(koz)
	Measured	698	5.47	123
Omen Dit Deserves	Indicated	2,146	3.00	207
Open Pit Resources	Measured + Indicated	2,845	3.61	330
	Total Inferred	302	1.31	13
	Measured	1	7.05	
Underground December	Indicated	54	5.10	9
Underground Resources	Measured + Indicated	55	5.10	9
	Total Inferred	66	4.00	9
Total	Measured + Indicated	2,900	3.63	339
Total	Inferred	368	1.84	22

Notes

- 1. Mineral Reserve Estimate completed by Tysen Hantelmann of JDS Energy & Mining ("JDS"), an independent QP as defined by NI 43-101.
- 2. Effective date; August 15, 2022. All Mineral Reserves have been estimated in accordance with CIM definitions required under NI 43-101.
- Mineral Reserves are estimated at a gold cut-off of 0.73 g/t for Veins and 1.06 g/t for Wisteria Zone based on: gold price of US\$1,650/oz; exchange rate of \$0.77 US\$:C\$; combined transport, treatment, payables and royalties of US\$25/oz; an overall metallurgical recovery (including ore sorting) of 90.25% for Veins and 85.5% for Wisteria; and an overall processing operating cost of C\$45/t ore mined for Veins and C\$62/t ore mined for Wisteria.
- 4. The final FS pit design contains an additional 94 kt of Inferred resources above the economic cut-off grade at an average grade of 1.62 g/t Au. Inferred Mineral Resources are considered too speculative geologically to have economic considerations applied to them that would enable them to be categorized as Mineral Reserves, and there is no certainty that any part of the Inferred Resources could be converted into Mineral Reserves.
- Tonnages are rounded to the nearest 1,000 t, gold grades are rounded to two decimal places. Tonnage and grade measurements are in metric units; contained gold is reported as thousands of troy ounces.

Notes:

- Mineral Resource Estimate completed by Pierre Landry, P.Geo., of SLR Consulting (Canada) Ltd. (SLR), an independent qualified person ("QP"), as defined by NI 43-101.
- Effective date: June 30, 2022. All Mineral Resources have been estimated in accordance with Canadian Institute of Mining and Metallurgy and Petroleum ("CIM") definitions, as required under NI 43-101.
- Open Pit Mineral Resources are inclusive of Mineral Reserves
- 4. Open Pit Mineral Resources are estimated at a cut-off grade of 0.50 g/t Au.
- Open Pit Mineral Resources are reported at a block cut-off from whole blocks measuring 2.5 m x 1.0 m x 2.5 m.
- Mineral Resources are estimated using a long-term gold price of US\$1,800 per ounce, and a US\$/C\$ exchange rate of 0.75.
- Bulk density is 2.84 t/m3 for rock and 1.90 t/m3 for mined out areas.
- 8. Underground Mineral Resources are estimated at a cut-off grade of 2.00 g/t Au.
- Underground Resources are reported at a block cut-off from whole blocks measuring 2.5 m x 1.0 m x 2.5 m and have been subject to additional reporting shapes to remove isolated blocks.
- 10. Numbers may not add due to rounding.
- Mineral Resources reported demonstrate reasonable prospect of eventual economic extraction, as required under NI 43-101.
- Mineral Resources are not Mineral Reserves and do not have demonstrated economic viability.
- 13. The Mineral Resources may be materially affected by environmental, permitting, legal, marketing, and other relevant issues.

NON-GAAP MEASURES



Non-GAAP Financial Measures

The Companies have included certain non-GAAP financial measures in this presentation, including AISC, cash cost, cash cost per ounce and cash flow. These financial measures are not defined under IFRS and should not be considered in isolation. The Companies believe that these financial measures, together with financial measures determined in accordance with IFRS, provide investors with an improved ability to evaluate the underlying performance of the Companies. The inclusion of these financial measures is meant to provide additional information and should not be used as a substitute for performance measures prepared in accordance with IFRS. These financial measures are not necessarily standard and therefore may not be comparable to other issuers.

All-in Sustaining Cost

All-in sustaining cost is a non-GAAP financial measure calculated based on guidance published by the World Gold Council ("WGC"). The WGC is a market development organization for the gold industry and is an association whose membership comprises leading gold mining companies. Although the WGC is not a mining industry regulatory organization, it worked closely with its member companies to develop these metrics. Adoption of the all-in sustaining cost metric is voluntary and not necessarily standard, and therefore, this measure presented by the Company may not be comparable to similar measures presented by other issuers. The Company believes that the all-in sustaining cost measure complements existing measures and ratios reported by the Company.

Cash Costs and Cash Cost per Ounce

Cash Costs are reflective of the cost of production. Cash Costs reported in the Hammerdown Feasibility Study include mining costs, processing and water treatment costs, general and administrative costs of the mine, refining and transportation costs, silver revenue credits and royalties. Cash Costs per Ounce is calculated as Cash Costs divided by payable gold ounces.

Free Cash Flow

Free Cash Flows are revenues net of operating costs, royalties, working capital adjustments, capital expenditures and cash taxes. The Companies believe that this measure is useful to the external users in assessing the Company's ability to generate cash flows from the project.